Notification No. R. 1241—*Agri.* 32-08-2, *dated* 24*th August* 1908.

The following Resolution of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, regarding the Universal and International Exhibition to be held at Brussels in the year 1910 is hereby published for general information.

By Order,
K. S. CHANDRASEKHARA AIYAR,
Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Depts.

No. 6453—6473—6.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

COMMERCIAL EXHIBITIONS.

Simla, the 10th July 1908.

RESOLUTION.

The following papers relative to the Universal and International Exhibition to be held at Brussels in the year 1910, are published for general information, in continuation of Resolution No. 22-42-1, dated the 6th January 1908.

BRUSSELS UNIVERSAL AND INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION, 1910.

UNDER THE HIGH PATRONAGE OF HIS MAJESTY THE KING OF THE BELGIANS AND THE HONORARY PRESIDENCY OF H. R. H. PRINCE ALBERT OF BELGIUM WITH THE SUPPORT OF THE PUBLIC AUTHORITIES.

Appeal to Producers.

Brussels, January 24, 1908.

A Universal and International Exhibition will open at Brussels in the month of April, 1910, and will last for about six months. Its Palaces and Halls will be erected in the new quarter of the Avenue Louise skirted by the grand old beech trees of the Bois de la Camber, the favourite resort of the Brussels people. What a delightful view indeed will the observer command from this picturesque site: he will witness in the distance the undulating country overlooked in the rear by the thick-set trees and green shrubbery of the Forest of Soignes.

From its position at the junction of the main lines of communication of Europe, and its being the Capital of one of the most densely populated and most industrial countries of the Globe, and having, for centuries past, been accumulating art treasures of all kinds, Brussels is so well known that any enlargement upon its reputation would be quite unnecessary.

Not only is the Belgian Capital the seat of a strong artistic, scientific, and commercial movement, but every possible effort is made towards improving the City and rendering it more and more attractive, while the people are always ready to welcome and extend hospitality to foreigners coming to visit Brussels.

No sooner had the scheme been announced than it secured the enlightened protection of the King and the support of Government; and the Brussels Exhibition is bound to be a great success.

The Belgian Government have acquainted the Foreign Cabinets with the organisation of this Exhibition, inviting them to take part and to be officially represented by appointing Commissioners or Committees.

Even now, important corporations are in course of formation, from all over Belgium considerable support is forthcoming and adhesions have practically been received from the large neighbouring Countries.

The Brussels Universal and International Exhibition includes, in broad lines, artistic, scientific, industrial, commercial and colonial sections. It will be open to works of art, industrial and agricultural products, and generally to all wares coming within the classification annexed to the General Regulations.

The Artistic section will consist of an International Saloon of Fine Arts.

The Scientific section will embrace with the various degrees of education the instruments and general methods connected with Letters, Sciences and Arts.

The Industrial section will be made up of all the products, methods and materials, both industrial and agricultural.

Steps will be taken to render fully complete the special groups connected with fancy trades, mines, metallurgy, machinery, electricity, arms manufacturing and mechanical locomotion.

The programme further contains special Exhibitions, temporary Agricultural and Horticultural Shows; Congresses, Conferences, Artistic and Sportive Fêtes.

The Executive Committee also propose to organise during the Exhibition popular games and competitions.

Furthermore, like at other Exhibitions, national compartments will be formed wherein the works and productions of a same country will be divided into groups and classes according to a system of general classification.

The Exhibition will cover a total area of about two hundred acres, a large portion of which will be reserved to the Foreign Sections. The installations will be connected with the Belgian State Railway, so as to bring all exhibits up to the required spot, on rail tracks laid down in the Halls and ground.

The principal Palace and the Halls of the Exhibition will be built of iron and covered with hard materials: the roofed surface amounting to at least one hundred and fifty thousand square metres.

The Machinery Gallery will include numerous workshops in operation under the eyes of the Public.

A vast park, in which attractions will scatter in all directions, will surround the buildings.

Enclosed herewith will be found the full programme of the Exhibition comprising the General Regulations, and the detailed classification of the goods.

The attention of Exhibitors is specially directed to the fact that the rent for detached space includes handling charges (Article 25 of General Regulations). Exhibitors will thus be enabled to accurately estimate beforehand the charges incumbent upon them.

According to the clauses inserted in Articles 18 and 27 of the General Regulations, *special arrangements may be concluded for the hire of large spaces as well as for the handling work and storage of empties, but solely with such countries as are officially represented.*

In that case, the charges would be fixed separately, *viz.*:

(1) For hire of space in the Halls, exclusive of expense of decoration;

(2) For handling;

(3) For storage of empties.

Any such agreements to be entered into with officially represented countries will be drawn up by the Commissioner-General of the Belgian Government.

The Government will grant on the State Railways free transport to and from, of Belgian products consigned to the Exhibition and free return in the case of foreign exhibits.

The Exhibition will be treated as an actual bonded warehouse, foreign goods intended for the Exhibition being allowed provisional duty-free importation subject to being afterwards re-exported.

The necessary measures will be taken by the Government for protecting in Belgium patentable inventions, industrial designs or models, and manufacturing or trade marks appearing at the Exhibition.

Moreover, the Belgian Government have sanctioned the organisation of a Lottery comprising several series of a million tickets each. The prizes will be purchased from the Exhibitors, or as regards series of tickets issued prior to the opening) from such persons as shall have given a written undertaking to exhibit.

An International Jury of Awards will be instituted, to operate under the control of the Commissioner-General of the Belgian Government. The Members of the Jury will be designated by the Government of their respective countries.

The General Regulations specify the nature of the awards to be attributed to the Exhibitors; same consist of diplomas or medals.

In conclusion, the Executive Committee propose to give all kinds of fêtes, to multiply the attractions with the view of enhancing the splendour of the Exhibition and increasing the number of visitors.

The Board of Directors of the "Société Anonyme de l'Exposition de Bruxelles" is placed under the Presidency of Baron Baeyens, Governor of the Bank "Société Générale de Belgique." An Executive Committee with Mr. Emile De Mot, Senator, Burgomaster of the City of Brussels, as President, has been invested with all the powers of the Board.

The Executive Committee will determine the various measures coming within the scope of organisation and management, and are exclusively qualified to deal with all questions of receipts and expenditure.

Although an undertaking solely due to private initiative, the Brussels Exhibition has ensured the effective co-operation of the Belgian Government, and also the support of the City of Brussels and Province of Brabant. It is placed under the High Patronage of H. M. the King of the Belgians and under the Honorary Presidency of H. R. H. Prince Albert of Belgium.

The Duke d'Ursel has been invested with the functions of Government Commissioner-General to the Brussels Exhibition, and M. J. Gody has been appointed Deputy Commissioner-General.

The Exhibition is not organised with the view of profit; its promoters are anxious to make our country appreciated abroad, by displaying anew her productive power and industrial progress.

The Executive Committee therefore warmly appeal to all, convinced, as they are, that the character and object of the Exhibition will secure numerous and important adhesions.

THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Vice-President.

Georges DUPRET,
Senator.

President.

Emile DE MOT,
Senator,
Burgomaster of the City of Brussels.

Maurice LEMONNIER,
Member of the Chamber of Representative,
Alderman of the City of Brussels.

Members.

Emile DE LAUNOY,
Senator,
President of the Brussels Chamber of Commerce.

Victor DE LOGHT,
Advocate, City Councillor.

Gustave FRANCOTTE,
Late Minister,
Member of the Chamber of Representatives.

Leon JANSSEN,
General Manager of the Brussels Tramways Company.

Omer LEPREUX,
Director of the National Bank of Belgium.

Edmond NERINCX,
Vice-President of the Chamber of Representatives.

Fernand VANDERSTRAETEN-SOLVAY.
Manufacturer.

Secretary.

Francis WIENER,
Advocate to the Court of Appeal.

General Managers.

Eug. KEYM,
Alderman at Watermael-Boitsfort.

Count Adrien van der BURGH,
Commissioner-General of the Belgian Government at the Milan Exhibition, 1906.

Assistant Secretary.

Raoul VAN DEN BUIGKE,

Approved.

J. GODY,
Deputy Commissioner-General of the Government.

Duke d'URSEL,
Commissioner-General of the Government.

GENERAL DISPOSITIONS AND ORGANIC RULES.

CHAPTER I.

GENERAL PROVISIONS.

Object.

Art. 1.—The Exhibition will include chiefly art works (Painting, Sculpture, Engraving and Architecture), scientific works and the Industrial and Agricultural plant and productions of all nations.

It will further include military art and Colonial Exhibitions. The Executive Committee contemplate the creation of an exhibition of modern Decorative Art.

Machinery of every description will, as far as practicable, operate under the eyes of the public for the purpose of showing visitors the mode of working same and initiating them into the different lines of manufacture.

Special temporary shows and exhibits of agricultural machines in operation, live-stock, plants, flowers, fruits, vegetables, etc., are contemplated and those will be regulated by independent rules.

Location and Surface.

Art. 2.—The Exhibition will be installed in the new quarter of the Avenue Louise adjoining the Bois de la Cambre.

The Exhibition will cover more than 200 acres of ground and will be connected with the Belgian State Railway.

The Principal Palace as well as the Exhibition Halls will be built of iron and covered with hard materials, the surface occupied by the various buildings approximately reaching 150,000 square metres, made up of Halls for Industrial and Commercial products, Machinery Gallery, Railway Material and Electricity Departments, with annexes, etc.

A vast park surrounding the buildings will contain numerous attractions.

The Executive Committee have received numerous offers for the instalment of important attractions, such as the reconstituting a quarter of Old Brussels, together with its monuments, decorated and furnished houses whose occupiers will be clad in the costumes of the times, the establishment of a universal museum of fetichism, etc., etc.

Duration.

Art. 3.—The Exhibition will be inaugurated end of April 1910, and remain open for a period of at least six months, with the option for the Executive Committee to prolong it until the 15th November inclusive.

Board of Directors and Executive Committee.

Art. 4.—The Board of Directors (*) of the "Société Anonyme de l'Exposition de Bruxelles" under the Presidency of Baron Baeyens, Governor of the "Société Générale" Bank, have delegated their powers to an Executive Committee with Mr. Emile De Mot, Senator, Burgomaster of the City of Brussels, as President. This latter Committee will act as representative of the Company and deal with the various matters of Administration and Finance; it forms the executive and ruling authority in respect to the organisation and conduct of the Exhibition.

The Executive Committee have appointed two General Managers for the purpose of carrying out their resolutions.

Superior Commission of Patronage of Belgian Section.

Art. 5.—A Superior Commission of Patronage will be instituted and the duties of the Commission consist in promoting and facilitating the participation of Belgian producers.

It will be composed of Committees of groups and classes and also local Committees, such Commission and Committees to be governed by special regulations determining the duties assigned to them and mode of discharging same.

Government Commissioner-General's Department.

Art. 6.—The Department of the Commissioner-General of the Government is conducted by the Duke d'Ursel, Commissioner-General, with the co-operation of M. J. Gody, Deputy Commissioner-General, General Manager of the Belgian Section, assisted by special Commissioners.

The Commissioner-General of the Government is the Government Representative with the Executive Committee of the Exhibition Company and with the Representatives or Delegates of Foreign Countries taking part in the Exhibition.

He acts as the Official medium both between said representatives or delegates of Foreign Countries and the Exhibition Company, and between the former and the Belgian Government in connection in all matters requiring consideration on behalf of their Exhibitors.

All enquiries generally are to be addressed to the Commissioner-General.

Concurrently with the Executive Committee of the Exhibition Company, the Government Commissioner-General will settle the whole plan of the Halls and laying out of the grounds, the general scheme for allotment of space in the Belgian and Foreign Sections and also the programme of right of way and party walls in these sections.

(*) The Board of Directors is composed of Messrs. Baron Ferdinand Baeyens, President; Emile De Lannoy, Emile De Mot, Gustave Francotte, Victor Fris, Baron Leon Lambert, Edmond Nerinex, Vice-Presidents; Jacques Cassel, Eugene Cavenaille, Victor De Locht, Georges Dupret, Baron Edouard Empain, Léon Janssen, Maurice Lemonnier, Omer Lepreux Fernand van der Straeten-Solvay, Francois Vaxelaire-Claes, members; Francis Wiener, Secretary, and Raoul Van den Bulcke, Assistant Secretary.

He will act between Foreign Commissioners and the Executive Committee of the Exhibition Company in regard to the preparation of agreements for hire of space, cartage and handling of exhibits, storage of empties, etc., etc., but no personal responsibility will attach on that account.

He is to approve and adopt regulations, more particularly those connected with the cartage and handling service, the entries, maintenance of order, setting up and operation of machinery and mechanical or electrical appliances and installations.

The Government Commissioner-General, jointly with Mr. Gody, General Manager of the Belgian Section, will organise and control the participation of Belgian producers.

Special regulations will determine the functions and duties to be exercised by the Government Commissioner-General's Department and fix its relations with the Commission of the Belgian Section.

Belgian and Foreign Commissioners and Delegates.

Art. 7.—The Belgian Ministries and Public Administrations will accredit Delegates for the purpose of organising their special exhibitions, such delegates to be placed under the authority of the Government Commissioner-General.

Foreign Governments have been advised of the organisation of the Brussels Universal and International Exhibition, in which they will be invited to take part and to be officially represented by accredited Commissioners; these Commissioners, representing their respective nationalities and having the charge of their interests, will arrange with the Executive Committee of the Exhibition Company through the Government Commissioner-General all questions relating to the distribution of space reserved to their respective country and installation of each national section. Collective Exhibitors belonging to countries which are not officially represented can be admitted with the joint consent of the Executive Committee and Government Commissioner-General and may designate Commissioners subject to like approval. Exhibitors are not allowed to correspond with the Executive Committee except through the Representative or Delegate of their Country, but an Exhibitor whose country should not be represented by a Commissioner may correspond direct with the Executive Committee. This latter Committee will furnish all necessary information and circulate the Regulations required to be complied with by the Representatives or delegates of the different nations and their Exhibitors.

Exchange of Space.

Art. 8.—No interchange of allotted space can take place between one country and another, unless with the sanction of the Executive Committee obtained through the Commissioner-General of the Belgian Government.

Classification of Goods.

Art. 9.—All products shall be divided into groups and classes as per list of general classification hereunto annexed. This document gives a summary enumeration of the products of each class; but is not restrictive. In case of doubt as to the classification of any article, the matter will be decided jointly between the Executive Committee and the Government Commissioner-General. Any small alterations which it may subsequently be necessary to make in the division of exhibits between the different classes shall be sanctioned by the Commissioner-General of the Government. This classification will form the basis of the arrangement of the products in each department allotted to the Exhibitors of a same nation, and on the International departments covering the Machine and Railway plant galleries.

General and Special Catalogues.

Art. 10.—The Executive Committee will compile an official and complete catalogue, methodically arranged, and containing the name and address of each Exhibitor with particulars as to trade and place of production (whether a factory, farm, etc.) the necessary information for which will be supplied by the Exhibitors under their sole responsibility, and according to the special * form which will be found herewith.

* Not printed.

Commissioners of represented Foreign Countries will be at liberty to issue, at their own expense, a special catalogue of their exhibits and to sell the same within their respective limits.

Protection of Inventions.

Art. 11.—The necessary measures will be taken by the Government for protecting in Belgium patentable inventions, industrial designs and models, as well as manufacturing or trade marks appearing at the Exhibition. It will be strictly forbidden to take copies, drawings, measurements, photos, cards or models of any objects exhibited unless with the Exhibitor's consent; the closest watch will be kept to enforce this rule. Nevertheless neither the Board of Directors nor the Executive Committee will incur any responsibility on account of infractions of this provision, dereliction of duty on the part of the guardians or violation of their orders.

The Executive Committee reserve to themselves the right of allowing general views to be taken and sold without the Exhibitor's consent being required.

Posters, Hand-bills, Show-cases, Signboards.

Art. 12.—All advertisements and notices, official or other printed matter intended to be posted or distributed within the Exhibition, must first be submitted to the approval of the Executive Committee who will be entitled to withdraw their authority at any time.

Exhibitors will be required to submit to the Executive Committee for approval, plans of any show-cases, furniture or other fixtures intended to be used by them, and as regards machinery, apparatus and plant connected with industry, noted plans showing height of proposed installation, including foundation and underground work with statement of the total weight of the installation.

The Executive Committee, concurrently with the Commissioner-General of the Government, will regulate all matters affecting dimensions and placing of signboards.

Compliance with the Laws and Regulations.

Art. 13.—Exhibits of every description are to comply with the various requirements of the Laws and Regulations in force for the time being in Belgium. Exhibitors will be required to fulfil all the formalities prescribed by said Laws and Regulations, unless waved at the time by the competent Authorities.

The Belgian Government will grant administrative facilities for operating steam engines necessary for the purposes of the Exhibition.

Space Rent.

Art. 14.—All matters respecting the rent to be paid by Exhibitors for the space allotted to them will be found in Chapter II hereof.

Floorings and Partitions.

Art. 15.—The flooring of the Halls is calculated to bear per square metre a weight of 500 kilogs and in some parts to be mutually agreed upon, up to 1,500 kilogs. Whenever alteration to the floors may be wanted for heavy or special exhibits, the consent of the Executive Committee will be required, and the work performed at Exhibitor's expense

In their application for space, Exhibitors shall state the weight of their installation to the square metre.

Any partitions required over and above those leased by the Executive Committee shall, after being approved by the latter, be provided at Exhibitor's expense.

Decoration of Halls

Art. 16.—The decoration will have to be borne by the Exhibitors, individually or collectively, subject to being first approved by the Executive Committee and the Commissioner-General of the Government.

Carriage for Exhibits.

Art. 17.—The Exhibition Company as secured from the Belgian Government:

(*a*) Free carriage to and fro, on the State Railway lines, of Belgian products consigned to the Exhibition.

This exemption from freight extends to raw materials for manufacturing purposes or for producing motive power at the Exhibition, and likewise to empties and packages having contained the goods and required for their return.

(*b*) The application of freight rates as per Tariff No. 10, in the case of foreign goods travelling on the State Railway lines. (This tariff provides for the free carriage on return from, and for the payment of the full rates on consignment to the Exhibition.)

Negociations will be opened with the view of obtaining reductions on Belgian Companies' lines, on Foreign lines and on the regular lines of steamers.

(*c*) The opening of a Post-Telegraph and Telephone Office within the Exhibition.

Handling of Goods.

Art. 18.—The Exhibition Company undertake on behalf of persons exhibiting in detached spaces, the handling of goods within the Exhibition, free of charge, in respect of all packages of usual sizes and not exceeding 1,500 kilogs in weight, provided same are delivered on or before the 10th April, 1910. This includes:

(*a*) Taking delivery of the packages within the Exhibition premises;

(*b*) Unloading on the spot allotted;

(*c*) Removing empties and packages from, and bringing back to the spot allotted;

(*d*) Removing the goods when repacked.

Exhibitors shall comply with the instructions given to them by the Executive Committee with the view of facilitating the removal of empties.

The Executive Committee will cause to be stored and, at the close of the Exhibition, brought back for repacking, empties belonging to foreign Exhibitors, but will not be responsible for the condition thereof when so returned.

Rent for storing empties will be charged at the rate of frs. 2·50 per square metre of surface measured according to the greatest dimensions above the floor, with a minimum charge of frs. 2·50 for any empty not reaching a square metre.

Foreign Exhibitors wishing to take charge of their own empties will have to remove them immediately after unpacking, and comply with the instructions of the Executive Committee.

Special terms must be arranged with the Executive Committee for the handling of packages exceeding 1,500 kilogs, also for any single package exceeding that weight, such as blocks of stone or marble, iron wares, parts of machinery, cannons, fitted engines and threshers, etc. Also when the dimensions exceed the surface of ordinary Railway trucks, such as timber, iron bars, beams, rolling stock (locomotives, railway and tramway carriages, cars, etc.) and craft. Further, in the case of any bulky packages of articles of a breakable nature, in certain instances, Exhibitors may be required to join in, or to solely take charge of the handling of the goods.

The Executive Committee reserve to themselves the right to make arrangements, if possible, so that any travelling cranes intended for exhibition in the machinery gallery, be set in working order sufficiently beforehand to be used for shifting and erecting work incumbent upon the Exhibitors, subject to payment of a fee.

With all Countries officially represented, the Executive Committtee are prepared to arrange special terms for the handling of goods and storage of empties.

No contractor letting out show-cases, mirrors, furniture, posters and signboards, or no outdoor salesmen will be entitled to the warehousing or return of empties, the Executive Committee not undertaking to interfere therein in any way.

The unpacking, laying out and repacking of goods and the repairing of empties, will be at Exhibitor's own cost. The repacking will be proceeded with according to the Executive Committee's instructions and must be completed before 31st December 1910, and all fixtures removed before 15th January 1911, after which date all remaining goods will be removed and stored at Exhibitor's cost and risk.

All goods unremoved by the 1st February 1911 will be sold by public auction six months afterwards, and the Exhibition Company will be entitled to proceeds of the sale.

Each Exhibitor or his delegate is to attend the reception of his goods, on arrival, and control the identity of same. Failing the Exhibitor's or their agents being on the Exhibition premises to receive their packages, it will be optional with the Executive Committee to return the goods or unpack them at the expense and risk of the owner.

All materials intended for fixtures must, before introduction, be submitted to the Executive Committee for approval.

The Exhibition Company undertake that all goods will be handled with the greatest care, but it is expressly stipulated that in no case can the Company be held responsible for any loss, shortage, damage, etc., to packages or their contents.

Installation, Maintenance and Removal of Exhibits.

Art. 19.—The Foreign Public Administrations and Commissions will carry out their own installations in the special pavilions erected by them in the grounds or parts of Halls specially allotted them, subject to submitting their general plans to the approval of the Executive Committee who will agree to same jointly with the Government Commissioner-General

Art. 20.—Exhibitors, whether singly or collectively, will have to bear the entire expense of their installations, such as special decorations, superstructure and consolidation of floors, partition framework and coating, ceilings, drapery, enclosures, supply of furniture, arrangement, ornamentation. laying out, preservation and cleaning of goods, foundations, fixing up, motive power, steam, water, gas, electricity, taking down, storage of empties, insurance, plantings and special levellings; reinstating the premises; customs or excise duties; license dues on excisable commodities, etc., etc., all measures in this connection to be approved by the Executive Committee and the Commissioner-General of the Government. Exhibitors will be held responsible for any damages caused by their installations to floorings, partitions, etc., in their use, and for such dilapidations as might be considered due to misuse.

No Exhibitor shall be allowed to set up his installation in such a way as to deprive another Exhibitor from light, or to cause him any inconvenience or prejudice whatsoever.

Save under a special authority, Exhibitors, whether singly or collectively, will not be allowed to cover up their exhibits during the hours fixed for public admission to the Halls and Pavilions.

No exhibits may be removed before the close of the Exhibition, except with the Executive Committee's special consent in writing.

Exhibitors are not allowed to remove their exhibits, products or fixtures, until after paying the charges for space, selling dues, damages (if any), etc.

CHAPTER II.

SPECIAL PROVISIONS.

Articles excluded.

Art. 21.—The Exhibition is not available to explosive, detonating and fulminant materials, nor generally any dangerous or injurious articles including medicines—patent or not—secret remedies and empiric preparations of unknown ingredients.

Alcohol, spirits, oils, essences, corrosive liquids and all matters likely to endanger other exhibits or inconvenience the public will only be admitted if contained in suitable strong vessels of small size.

Percussion caps, gun-primers, fireworks, matches and other like articles will be admitted in imitation form only, *i. e*, without any adjunction of inflammable matter.

Articles likely to prove a nuisance, or of an unwholesome nature will be subject to such precautionary measures as may be prescribed.

The Executive Committee will also have absolute right to order the removal of products, the nature or appearance whereof might be dangerous, unsuitable or incompatible with the aim and conveniences of the Exhibition.

Applications for Admission.

Art. 22.—Applications for admission must be made on the acccompanying forms,* supplied by the Executive Committee, and these after being duly filled up and signed in duplicate, are to be forwarded in a prepaid envelope, not later than the 15th January 1909 as to machinery, apparatus and plant connected with industry, and before the 1st May 1909, as to other goods :

*Not printed.

(*a*) To the Government Commissioner-General as regards exhibits of Belgian origin;

(*b*) To the Commissioners of Countries officially represented at the Exhibition, as regards exhibits originating from those Countries;

(*c*) To the Executive Committee of the Exhibition, 34, Rue des XII Apôtres, Brussels, as regards exhibits originating from Countries not officially represented.

Applicants referred to in (*c*) shall not send their goods until their application has been considered by the Executive Committee and a certificate of admission duly issued.

Art. 23.—The allotted space will be measured according to the greatest length and width above the floor or ground.

All surfaces are to be established to the great square.

No allotted space can be assigned, exchanged or sub-let except with the express consent of the Executive Committee.

Exhibitors whether singly or collectively shall provide at their own expense, subject to the approbation of the Executive Committee, the ceilings, drapings, stuffs, linen or jute material, partition framework and coating, superstructure of floorings, foundations or consolidation of floors for heavy installations, all schemes connected with such installations, to be approved by the Executive Committee and the Government Commissioner-General.

Charges for Space.

Art. 24—The spaces in the Belgian Section or in officially represented Sections will be granted for such rent and on such terms and conditions as the Commissioner-General of each section shall determine.

Art. 25.—The charge for space in the different compartments—except in *the official sections and the Sections recognised by the Executive Committee jointly with the approval of the Commissioner-General*—including the general decoration of the halls and handling of the goods, has been established according to position as follows :—

I.—HALLS OF INDUSTRY AND TRADE.

A.—SIDE GALLERIES.

1. Collective Space.

Ground space	*A*) Depth not exceeding 1 metre, *Per lineal metre frontage*	fr.	60
	B) Depth exceeding 1 metre, *Per square metre ground surface* ...	,,	60
Wall space :	*C*) *Per lineal metre frontage*	,,	60
The charge for collective space allotted will in no case be less than		,,	60

2. Detached Space.

A) Measured at the greatest dimension, the smallest being below 1 metre, *Per lineal metre frontage*	fr.	90
B) Both dimensions exceeding 1 metre, *Per square metre ground surface*	„	90
The charge for detached space allotted will in no case be less than ..	„	90

B.—CENTRAL GALLERIES.

1. The charge will be ...	Collective space, *Per square metre*	fr.	90
	Detached space, *Per square metre*	„	130
2. Charge for rooms having at least 5 metres frontage and 5 metres depth.	Single frontage, *Per square metre*	„	70
	Corner frontage, *Per square metre*	„	90

II.—HALLS OF MACHINERY, ELECTRICITY, RAILWAY PLANT AND BOILER SHED.

FOR MACHINES AND VARIOUS INSTALLATIONS.

A.—SIDE GALLERIES.

1. Collective Space.

Ground space	*A*) The depth not exceeding 1 metre, *Per lineal metre frontage*	fr.	60
	B) The depth exceeding 1 metre, *Per square metre ground surface* ...	„	60
Wall space:	*C*) *Per lineal metre frontage*	„	60
The charge for collective space allotted will in no case be less than ...		„	60

2. Detached Space.

A) Measured at the greatest dimension, the smallest being below 1 metre, *Per lineal metre frontage*		„	90
B) Both dimensions exceeding 1 metre, *Per square metre ground surface*		„	90
The charge for detached space allotted will in no case be less than ..		„	90

B.—CENTRAL GALLERIES.

The charges have been fixed as follows ...	Collective space, *Per square metre* ...	fr.	90
	Detached space, *Per square metre*	„	130

For any machine in operation, the duly proved expense of purchasing steam, water under pressure, gas, electricity and mechanical motive power will be refunded to the Exhibitor up to 50 per cent. of the amount paid for the space occupied by said machine, provided the expenses in question have been effected during the hours when the Halls are available to the public and the machine has been in operation at least four days per week and four hours per day.

III.—GARDENS, SHEDS AND TENTS.

For space allotted to Exhibitors in the Gardens:

A) The depth not exceeding 1 metre, *Per lineal metre frontage*	fr.	25
B) The depth exceeding 1 metre, *Per square metre ground surface*	„	25
The charge for space in this division will in no case be less than ...	„	25

For space allotted under sheds or tents, if any, the above charges will be increased by 5 fr. per lineal metre, or square metre, as the case may be.

Payments.

Art. 26.—Rent for space will be collected by the Executive Committee of the Exhibition Company.

When exceeding 1,000 frs., same is payable in two equal instalments, the first on receipt of the admission certificate, the second on the 1st April 1910.

Rent under or equal to 1,000 frs., is payable at once on receipt of the admission certificate.

Any Exhibitor failing to pay the rent within the prescribed time will forfeit his rights and the admission certificate issued to him will be deemed cancelled.

Large Spaces.

Art. 27.—Special terms may be arranged in respect of large spaces hired in the Halls or Gardens.

In every Section, the space reserved for public Circulation must be kept free by the several countries, and no encroachment thereon will be tolerated.

In regard to spaces let out in blocks, the public circulation ways will de reckoned in the measurement of the surfaces leased, but one-half only of such ways will be counted in the case of frontage allotments.

Date of completion of Exhibits.

Art. 28.—Exhibits must be completed and all the work connected therewith terminated before the 15th April, 1910.

Machinery and appliances which can only be fixed or mounted by passing over the space of other Exhibitors shall be completely set up by the 15th October 1909, or even earlier, should the Executive Committee deem necessary

All machinery foundation work must be terminated on or before the 1st October 1909.

Should the Exhibitor fail to comply with above dates, he will *ipso facto* lose all claim to his space, the admission certificate will be deemed cancelled and the space rent paid will be forfeited to the Exhibition Company, without any legal or other proceedings being required. In such case, the Executive Committee will be entitled to remove unfinished installations or to have the same completed at Exhibitor's expense and risk.

Special Charges.

Art. 29.—Exhibitors requiring steam, water, gas, electricity, shall state in their application for admission the hourly quantity so required.

When motive power is required, the intended rate of speed and requisite power should be stated.

The adoption of electric motors, as also the foundations and expenses of private installation are for Exhibitor's account. Steam, water, gas, electricity and any mechanical motive power will be supplied according to the tariff providing for same.

Separate by-laws will determine the conditions affecting the erection and working of mechanical and electrical machinery, apparatus and appliances, and will be forwarded to Exhibitors on application.

Exhibitors' co-operation towards the services of the Exhibition.

Art. 30.—Exhibitors wishing to place all or part of the work performed by their machinery, apparatus and appliances, at the disposal of the Exhibition with the view of co-operating, on terms to be agreed upon, towards the production, distribution and utilisation of steam, water, gas, and motive power, or towards the lighting and handling services, shall submit their propositions to the Executive Committee prior to the 15th January, 1909.

International Jury of Awards.

Art. 31.—An International Jury of Awards will be formed, the Members of which will be appointed by their respective Governments; this Jury will be organised and controlled by the Commissioner-General of the Belgian Government. Jurors of non-officially represented Countries shall be proposed by the Delegates of the Exhibitors of those nations and, if necessary, their appointment will have to be sanctioned by the Belgian Government, on the recommendation of the Commissioner-General of the Government.

The Jury will officiate as soon after the opening of the Exhibition as possible.

The Awards will consist of Grand Prize Diplomas; Diplomas of Honour; Diplomas of Gold, Silver and Bronze Medals, and Diplomas of Honourable Mention. These Diplomas may be accompanied by a Medal. The Awards will be delivered before the close of the Exhibition, in a grand fête held specially for the occasion, and a full list of Awards will receive the greatest publicity.

International Test Committees.

Art. 32.—International Committees may be formed for tests or trials similar to those of former Exhibitions.

Lottery.

Art. 33.—A lottery will be organised under the authority and control of the Government; the prizes will be purchased from Exhibitors or as regards series of tickets issued prior to the opening from such persons as shall have given a written undertaking to exhibit.

CHAPTER III.

ADMINISTRATION AND POLICE.

Exhibition of Products under names of Applicants.

Art. 34.—Products must be exhibited under the names of those persons who signed the applications for space; this rule will be strictly enforced.

Exhibitors who intend showing industrial art productions of which they are not the originators, must inform the Executive Committee and furnish due authorisation from the rightful proprietors.

Art. 35.—Exhibitors are free to add to their name, or style or firm the names of other persons having contributed to the merit and value of the articles exhibited.

Price of Exhibits.

Art. 36.—Exhibitors are invited to indicate the Market Price of the articles shown, as a guide to the Jury, as well as for the information of the public and of the Lottery Purchase Commission.

PROTECTION OF EXHIBITS.

Insurance—General and Special Supervision.

Art. 37.—Due precautions will be taken to protect all exhibits and packages from damage, and a general watch will be established to prevent the fixtures and exhibits being stolen, strayed or damaged.

The Government nor the Exhibition Company shall in no case be held responsible for injury or damage, whatever be the extent, suffered by Exhibitors in consequence of theft, fire, thunder and other storms, or floods, gas, explosions, flaw in construction or arising from any other cause whatsoever, nor shall Exhibitors have any claim on account of these risks, either against the Government, or against the Exhibition Company.

Exhibitors desirous of insuring their goods, packages, etc., must do so through their own Agents and at their own cost.

Exhibitors will be answerable to the Exhibition Company and to other Exhibitors and parties, for all damage caused by their exhibits or by persons in their employ.

The Commissioners of participating countries as well as Exhibitors, whether singly or collectively, will be free to appoint under their own responsibility private inspectors and superintendents from a list approved by the Executive Committee; these officers will have to submit to the regulation framed by the Executive Committee.

Right to sell.

Art. 38.—Articles of every day sale, also those manufactured or made up on the spot may be sold and delivered to visitors, on payment of a percentage, to be fixed by agreement, and compliance with special by-laws; but no such sales may take place in the Halls without a special authority in writing from the Executive Committee.

No article of food or drink can be served within the Halls except by authority of the Executive Committee.

A special agreement with the Executive Committee will regulate the sale of refreshments or eatables in the gardens and grounds of the Exhibition and determine the tax to be paid.

Entries.

Art. 39.—One single free ticket will be issued to each Exhibitor or his Agent approved of by the Executive Committee, if the nature and importance of the exhibits require the continuous attendance of such Agent. This ticket shall not be transferable and shall be withdrawn if proved to have been made over or lent, without prejudice of further action. It must be signed by the Exhibitor or his Agent, shew the photograph of bearer, and mention the group and class to which he belongs. It will, moreover, bear the stamp of the Executive Committee.

Any person acting as Agent to several Exhibitors will be entitled to one free ticket only. Each Exhibitor will be entitled to one or more tickets for persons in his employ, but giving admission from 8 to 10 A.M. only.

Exhibitors of machinery in operation shall be entitled to one or more cards available for their men whilst the machinery is working.

The number of tickets to be issued will be solely determined by the Commissioner-General of the Government and the Executive Committee, they will be withdrawn in case of misuse or fraud.

The entries will be regulated by special rules.

Exhibition to be treated as an actual Bonded Warehouse.

Art. 40.—The Exhibition will be treated as an actual bonded warehouse, foreign goods intended to appear at the Exhibition being allowed provisional duty-free importation subject to being afterwards re-exported and complying with such formalities as the Belgian Government may impose.

Subsequent Rules.

Art. 41.—Rules will be issued later on, for regulating the despatch, reception, handling, installation and return of goods; and also for providing for the organisation of supervision, customs, entries to the Exhibition, right of sale, formation and proceedings of the International Jury of Awards.

Special by-laws will provide for the establishment and working of mechanical and electric machinery, apparatus and appliances.

Art. 42.—Exhibitors or Contractors intending to erect constructions or stalls in the Gardens of the Exhibition must conform to the conditions which will be framed by the Executive Committee.

Separate and independent rules will regulate the licensing of special paying shows and eating or drinking establishments or places of performance, restaurants, bars, luncheon rooms, tobacco shops, etc., etc.

Art. 43.—Producers and manufacturers will by the mere fact of accepting the quality of Exhibitors, submit to the General or Special regulations and to such other measures of order and police as may be enacted in the future.

Exhibitors or Contractors will be required to elect domicile at Brussels.

CHAPTER IV.

ANNEXED SHOWS.—CONGRESSES AND CONFERENCES.

Special Shows—Congresses and Conferences.

Art. 44.—Additional and temporary Shows, Congresses and Conferences, Lectures, Grand Fêtes, Choral and Musical Competitions, Concerts, etc., etc., will be organised during the Exhibition.

Art. 45.—The Executive Committee propose to promote International Congresses, and in a general way, will consider and, if thought fit, patronize all such schemes as are of a realisation likely to further enhance the attraction and èclat of the Exhibition.

Address for Communications.

Art. 46.—All communications connected with the Exhibition are to be addressed by prepaid letter, to *The President of the Executive Committee, 34,* Rue des *XII Apotres, Brussels.*

Resolved in Executive Committee Meeting held on the 24th January 1908.

CLASSIFICATION ACCORDING TO GROUPS.

GROUP I.—*Education.*

Class 1.—Education of children. Primary education. Education of adults.
Class 2.—Secondary education.
Class 3.—Higher education. Scientific institutions.
Class 4.—Special artistic education.
Class 5.—Special agricultural education.
Class 6.—Special industrial and commercial education.

GROUP II.—*Works of Arts.*

Class 7.—Paintings. Cartoons. Drawings.
Class 8.—Engraving and lithography.
Class 9.—Metal and fine stone carving and engraving.
Class 10.—Architecture.

GROUP III.—*Instruments and general methods connected with Letters, Sciences and Arts.*

Class 11.—Printing. Sundry impressions.
Class 12.—Book-trade. Musical editions. Book-binding (plant and products). Newspapers. Posters.
Class 13.—Photography.
Class 14.—Geographical and cosmographical maps and appliances. Topography.
Class 15.—Instruments of precision. Coins and medals.
Class 16.—Medicine and surgery.
Class 17.—Musical instruments.
Class 18.—Theatrical art plant.

GROUP IV.—*Plant and general methods connected with Machinery.*

Class 19.—Steam engines.
Class 20.—Various other motors.
Class 21.—Various apparatus of general mechanics.
Class 22.—Machine-tools.

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GROUP V.—*Electricity.*

Class 23.—Mechanical production and utilisation of electricity.
Class 24.—Electrochemistry.
Class 25.—Electric lighting.
Class 26.—Telegraphy and Telephony.
Class 27.—Various applications of electricity.

GROUP VI.—*Civil Engineering.—Means of Transport.*

Class 28.—Civil engineering materials. Equipment and methods.
Class 29.—Models, plans and drawings of public works.
Class 30.—Coachbuilders' and cartwrights' trades.—Saddle and Harness makers' trades.
Class 31.—Motor-cars and cycles.
Class 32.—Railway and Tramway plant.
Class 33.—Commercial Navigation equipment.
Class 34.—Aerial Navigation.

GROUP VII.—*Agriculture.*

Class 35.—Rural husbandry plant and methods.
Class 36.—Viticultural implements and methods.
Class 37.—Agricultural implements and methods.
Class 38.—Agronomy.—Agricultural statistics.
Class 39.—Agricultural products of vegetable origin used as foodstuffs.
Class 40.—Agricultural products of animal origin used as foodstuffs.
Class 41.—Non-edible agricultural produce.
Class 42.—Useful insects and their products.—Noxious insects and vegetable parasites.

GROUP VIII.—*Horticulture and Arboriculture.*

Class 43.—Horticultural and Arboricultural implements and methods.
Class 44.—Pot herbs.
Class 45.—Fruit-trees and fruits.
Class 46.—Ornamental trees, shrubs, plants and flowers.
Class 47.—Hot-house plants.
Class 48.—Horticultural and Nursery seeds and stock.

GROUP IX.—*Forestry.—Hunting and Shooting.—Fisheries.—Fruit gathering.*

Class 49.—Plant and methods for forest exploitation and industry.
Class 50.—Forest produce.
Class 51.—Hunting and shooting requisites.
Class 52.—Hunting and shooting produce.
Class 53.—Fishing tackle, implements and produce.—Water culture.
Class 54.—Fruit-gathering tackle, implements and produce.

GROUP X.—*Foodstuffs.*

Class 55.—Food industry implements and methods.
Class 56.—Farinaceous goods and by-products.
Class 57.—Bakers' and Pastrycooks' goods.
Class 58.—Preserved meat, fish, vegetables and fruits.
Class 59.—Sugar and confectionery, condiments and stimulants.
Class 60.—Wines and brandies.
Class 61.—Syrups and liqueurs, various spirits, industrial alcohols.
Class 62.—Miscellaneous beverages.

GROUP XI.—*Mining.—Metallurgy.*

Class 63.—Mine, ore and quarry working.
Class 64.—Heavy metallurgy.
Class 65.—Light metallurgy.

GROUP XII.—*Decoration and Furnishing of Public Buildings and Private Houses.*

Class 66.—Fixed decoration of Public buildings and private houses.
Class 67.—Stained window glass.
Class 68.—Painted wall papers.
Class 69.—Cheap furniture and costly furniture.
Class 70.—Carpeting, tapestry and other furnishing stuffs.
Class 71.—Movable decoration and upholstery work.
Class 72.—Ceramic ware.
Class 73.—Crystal and glass wares.
Class 74.—Heating and ventilating apparatus and methods.
Class 75.—Apparatus and methods for non-electric lighting.

GROUP XIII.—*Yarns.—Textile Fabrics.—Clothing.*

Class 76.—Plant and methods connected with spinning and ropemaking.
Class 77.—Plant and methods used in weaving.
Class 78.—Plant and methods for bleaching, dyeing, printing and sizing textile fabrics through their different stages.
Class 79.—Plant and methods for sewing and making up clothing.
Class 80.—Cotton yarns and fabrics.
Class 81.—Yarns and fabrics of linen, hemp, etc. Ropemaker's wares.
Class 82.—Woollen yarns and fabrics.
Class 83.—Silk and textiles of silk.
Class 84.—Lace, embroideries and trimmings.
Class 85.—Men's, women's and children's clothing: making up and sewing trades.
Class 86.—Various trades in the clothing line.

GROUP XIV.—*Chemical Industry.*

Class 87.—Chemical arts and pharmacy.
Class 88.—Paper making.
Class 89.—Hides and skins.
Class 90.—Perfumery.
Class 91.—Tobaccos.

GROUP XV.—*Miscellaneous Industries.*

Class 92.—Stationery.
Class 93.—Cutlery.
Class 94.—Gold and silversmiths' wares.
Class 95.—Jewellery.
Class 96.—Clock and watch makers' goods.
Class 97.—Artistic bronze, cast and other iron work. Embossed metals.
Class 98.—Brush, morocco, turnery and basket trades.
Class 99.—India rubber and gutta-percha industry.—Travelling and camping requisites.
Class 100.—Knick-knacks.

GROUP XVI.—*Social Economy.*

Class 101.—Apprenticeship. Protection of working children.
Class 102.—Labour contract. Participation in profits.—Professional Syndicates.
Class 103.—Large and minor industry. Co-operative associations of production or credit.
Class 104.—Co-operative societies of consumption.
Class 105.—Large and minor cultivation.—Agricultural associations.
Class 106.—Regulation of labour.—Health and security of workmen.
Class 107.—Working men's houses.
Class 108.—Provident institutions.
Class 109.—Institutions for the intellectual and moral development of workmen.
Class 110.—Public or private initiative in view of the welfare of citizens.

GROUP XVII.—*Public Health.—Charitable Institutions.*

Class 111.—Public Health.
Class 112.—Charitable Institutions.

GROUP XVIII.—*Practical Education.—Economic Institutions.—Female Handicraft.*

Class 113.—Education.
Class 114.—Sciences. Arts. Economic Institutions.—Charity.
Class 115.—Female Handicraft.

GROUP XIX.—*Trade.—Colonisation.*

Class 116.—Trade.
Class 117.—Methods of colonisation.
Class 118.—Colonial plant.
Class 119.—Special products for export to the Colonies.

GROUP XX.—*Land and Sea Forces.*

Class 120.—Ordnance equipment and appliances.
Class 121.—Military engineering and services connected therewith.
Class 122.—Naval engineering. Hydraulic work. Torpedoes.
Class 123.—Cartography. Hydrography. Various instruments.
Class 124.—Administrative services.
Class 125.—Sanitation and sanitary appliances.

GROUP XXI.—*Sports.*

Class 126.—Exercise of children and adults.—Theory and practice.
Class 127.—Games and sports for children and adults.
Class 128.—Game and sport equipments.

GROUP XXII.—*Congresses and Conferences.*

ORDERED that the foregoing papers be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India* for general information and that copies be forwarded to the Local Governments and Administrations named in the margin, for information, with the request that the papers may be published in the local Gazette.

The Government of Madras.
Do Bombay.
Do Bengal.
Do the United Provinces.
Do the Punjab.
Do Burma.
Do Eastern Bengal and Assam.
The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces.
The Chief Commissioner of Coorg.

Ordered, also, that a copy be forwarded to the Chief Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara, and the Honourable the Agent to the Governor-General and Chief Commissioner, North-west Frontier Province, for information, and to the Foreign Department, for information and communication to Native States.

Ordered, also, that a copy be forwarded to all Chambers of Commerce for information.

B. ROBERTSON,
Secretary to the Government of India.